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SUPERIOR TECHNOLOGY FOR A SUPERIOR ARMY

### **Briefing Outline:**

- 1. What's Tech OASIS
- 2. Discuss the Data being Analyzed
  - Field Delimited
  - Multi-Robot Research
- 3. Processes for Segmenting Data
  - Deductive Expert Opinion
  - Inductive PCA based analysis
- 4. Expectancy Measure
- Expectancy Measure applied to Segmented data
- 6. Observations & Interpretations
- 7. Conclusions & Recommendations



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SUPERIOR TECHNOLOGY FOR A SUPERIOR ARMY

### Tech OASIS - A Software System for:

- Knowledge Discovery in Large Text Databases
- Profiling Thousands of Research Abstracts

**Technology Scanning** 

Identifying new technologies and new developments in existing technologies

**Technology Profiling** 

Identify key people and organizations

**Technology Mapping and Decomposition** 

Identify dependencies and relationships

**Technology Trending** 

Establish how a technology has emerged

**Technology Forecasting** 

Project how a technology could evolve





#### SUPERIOR TECHNOLOGY FOR A SUPERIOR ARMY

FN- DIALOG(R)File 8:Ei Compendex(R)|

CZ- (c) 2004 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc. All rts. reserv.

AN- <DIALOG> 06259509|

TI- <MAIN> Guest editorial advances in multirobot systems|

AU- Arai, Tamio^Pagello, Enrico^Parker, Lynne E.|

CS- University of Tokyo Department of Precision Engineering, Tokyo, Japan

SO- <S2> IEEE Transactions on Robotics and Automation v 18 n 5 October 2002. p 655-661

DT- JA^(Journal Article)

AB- <Abstract> As research progresses in distributed robotic systems, more and more aspects of multirobot systems are being explored. This Special Issue on Advances in Multirobot Systems provides a broad sampling of the research that is currently ongoing in the field of distributed mobile robot systems. To help categorize this research, we have identified seven primary research topics within multirobot systems: biological inspirations, communication, architectures, localization/mapping/exploration, object transport and manipulation, motion coordination, and reconfigurable robots. This editorial examines these research areas and discusses the Special Issue papers in this context. We conclude by identifying several additional open research issues in distributed mobile robotic systems. 71 Refs.|

DE- <Descriptors> \*Multipurpose robots^Mobile robots^Robotics^Computer simulation|

**ID- <Identifiers> Multirobot systems** 

CC- <C2> 731.5 \_(Robotics)^731.6 \_(Robot Applications)^723.5 \_(Computer Applications)





SUPERIOR TECHNOLOGY FOR A SUPERIOR ARMY 7+2 IEEE Imposed Categories

IEEE Imposed Categories "Guest Editorial, Advances in Multirobot Systems"

- 354 El Compendex & INSPEC abstracts
- Expert Perceived
   Research Categories
- 324 abstracts grouped
- Deductive Categories
- Expert Field Awareness (e.g., Reconfigurable)

		7+2 IEEE IMPO	<u> </u>									
					EEE	Mul	tiRo	bot (	Grou	ıps		
		# Records	142	139	114	61	61	44	42	41	30	12
			ocation Control	ation		oping Exploration		ulation Grasping		9		
# Records	IEEE Mu	ultiRobot Groups	Architecture A∥ocation Contro	Motion Coordination	Communication	Localization Mapping	Biological	Transport Manipulation	Robot Learning	Human Interface	IEEE OTHER	Reconfigurable
	Architecture Allocatio	n Control	142	55	45	27	27	24	14	9		4
139	Motion Coordination		55	139	38	20	22	17	16	19		4
114	Communication		45	38	114	31	25	10	7	12		2
61	Localization Mapping	Exploration	27	20	31	61	9	8	5	8		4
61	Biological		27	22	25	9	61	6	5	5		2
44	Transport Manipulation	on Grasping	24	17	10	8	6	44	7	6		4
42	Robot Learning		14	16	7	5	5	7	42	4		
41	Human Interface		9	19	12	8	5	6	4	41		2
30	IEEE OTHER										30	
12	Reconfigurable		4	4	2	4	2	4		2		12
												T.





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Tech OASIS Automated Analyses:

- PCA based factors
- PCA NO Singular Factor Solution

PCD Analysis Standardizes PCA

- Maximizes Inclusion of Abstracts in Factors, Number of Factors & Number of High Loading Factor Defining Terms
- Minimizes Abstracts in MultipleFactors

Min/Max Analysis - Analogous to Minimizing Entropy & Maximizing Cohesiveness of Factors

2002-03 Multi-robot PCD Factor Groups & Hi-loading Terms

f			-11		Desc	ript	ors	PCE	) Gr	oup	s	
	# Records	Descriptors	PCD: *OTHER*	PCD: multi-robot systems	PCD: Intelligent robots	PCD: Motion control	PCD: sensor fusion	PCD: multi-agent systems	PCD: Control system analysis	PCD: Robustness (control systems	PCD: Manipulators	PCD: Collision avoidance
	23	multi-agent systems	2					1				
Ш	21	multi-robot systems	2	1								
		cooperative systems	2	1								
	14	learning (artificial intelligence)	2					1				
Į.	11	Motion control	2			1			·			
	8	Collision avoidance	2									1
4	7	Control system analysis	2						1			
	7	Intelligent robots	2		1							
ł	7	Manipulators	2								1	
	7	Robot learning	2					1				
	6	Human computer interaction	2						1			
		sensor fusion	2				1					
		Robot applications	2			1						
		Robustness (control systems)	2							1		
	5	System stability	2							1		1





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### **Expectancy Measure**

Likelihood of item in one field having T or more abstracts in a specific category of a second field.

- Cumulative Binomial Distribution
- Detailed View group size / file size defines success probability p
- Field View item frequency *n* times p defines expected frequency
- Cumulative tail calculation based on whether the Detail View item frequency T > or < than expected</li>

If a list item actually occurs T times in the records common to the records of a second list item and T is greater than or equal to the expected value, we get:

$$p(X \ge T; n, p) = \sum_{r=T}^{n} \left( \binom{n}{r} p^{r} (1-p)^{n-r} \right)$$

Similarly, if *T* is less than or equal to the expected value, we get:

$$p(X \le T; n, p) = \sum_{r=0}^{T} \left( \binom{n}{r} p^{r} (1-p)^{n-r} \right)$$





#### SUPERIOR TECHNOLOGY FOR A SUPERIOR ARMY

### **Expectancy Measure**

Likelihood of item in one field having T or more abstracts in a specific category of a second field.

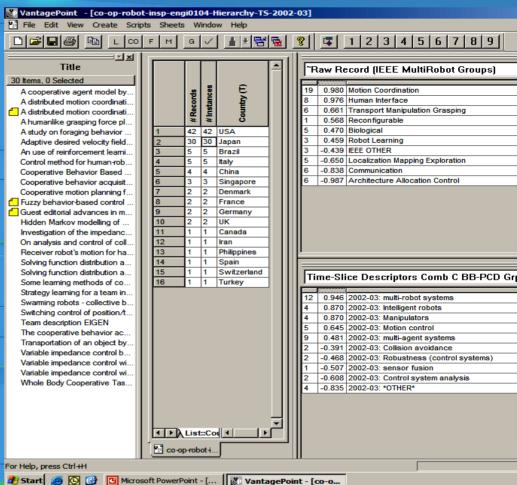
File Size = 107 abstracts Motion Coordination => 46 abstracts Probability p = 46/107 = .43

Field View Freq Y = 30 Expected Freq in Detail View = 13

Observed Detail View Freq = 19

Expectancy Measure = 1 -

$$\left[ p(X \ge T; n, p) = \sum_{r=T}^{n} \left( \binom{n}{r} p^{r} (1-p)^{n-r} \right) \right]$$







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**IEEE Multi-robot topic areas** 

#### **Expectancy Measure**

Anomaly – Expert Input

Low < -0.9

- Protect Competitive Advantage IP
- Publication Iull prior to patent applications
- Non-active in area

High > 0.9

- Research Focus Area
- Bias result of National Conference in subject area

					IEEE MUIT	-	-ropot topic areas							
	Japan Sources						USA Sources							
H		#												
П	#	Grp	Ехр.	Metric	Cluster Group	#	Grp	Ехр.	Metric	Cluster Group				
			1998-99				1998-99							
	14	18	0.952	4.28	Human Interface	1	1	0.79	0.79	Reconfigurable				
Ш	7	9	0.855	3.85	IEEE OTHER	6	18	0.757	1.14	Localization Mapping Exploration				
	12	18	0.843	2.53	Robot Learning	14	50	0.741	1.03	Architecture Allocation Control				
	8	13	0.706	1.84	Transport Manipulation Grasping	2	9	-0.356	-1.60	IEEE OTHER				
"	22	44	0.522		Communication	3	13	-0.366		Transport Manipulation Grasping				
	9	18	0.484		Localization Mapping Exploration	4	18	-0.42		Human Interface				
	23	50	-0.573		Architecture Allocation Control	4	18	-0.42		Robot Learning				
	20	54	-0.926		Motion Coordination	12	54	-0.525		Motion Coordination				
	11	34	-0.927	-2.87	Biological	7	34	-0.568		Biological				
		1			Reconfigurable	9	44	-0.618	-3.02	Communication				
ı					2000-01		2000-01							
	13	39	0.956	1.43	Motion Coordination	7	9	0.965		Reconfigurable				
	4	14	0.641		Robot Learning	16	38	0.768		Communication				
	3	10	0.631		Human Interface	5	10	0.727		Human Interface				
	2	9	0.41		IEEE OTHER	4	9	0.61		IEEE OTHER				
	3	14	-0.359		Transport Manipulation Grasping	4	10	0.529		Biological				
	7	38	-0.613		Communication	7	20	-0.405		Localization Mapping Exploration				
	9	48	-0.638		Architecture Allocation Control	4	14	-0.556		Robot Learning				
	2	20	-0.833	-8.33	Localization Mapping Exploration	15	48	-0.668	-2.14	Architecture Allocation Control				
		10			Biological	3	14	-0.742		Transport Manipulation Grasping				
		9			Reconfigurable	10	-39	-0.859	-3.35	Motion Coordination				
				2	2002-03	2002-03								
	19	46	0.98	1.67	Motion Coordination	21	32	0.995		Communication				
	8	13	0.976	2.54	Human Interface	20	44	0.759	1.39	Architecture Allocation Control				
	6	17	0.661	1.02	Transport Manipulation Grasping	11	23	0.718	1.38	Localization Mapping Exploration				
	1	2	0.568	1.14	Reconfigurable	4	12	-0.515	-1.55	IEEE OTHER				
	5	17	0.47		Biological	5	17	-0.676		Biological				
	3	10	0.459		Robot Learning	5	17	-0.676		Transport Manipulation Grasping				
	3	12	-0.439		IEEE OTHER	15	46	-0.786		Motion Coordination				
	5	23	-0.65		Localization Mapping Exploration	2	13	-0.899		Human Interface				
	6	32	-0.838	-4.47	Communication	1	10	-0.914	-9.14	Robot Learning				
	6	44	-0.987	-7.24	Architecture Allocation Control	0	2			Reconfigurable				





SUPERIOR TECHNOLOGY FOR A SUPERIOR ARMY Tech OASIS PCD Groups

Expectancy Measure
Anomaly – Expert Input

PCD - fewer hi-low Expectancy grps

Holistic Approach – Multimeasure Pervasive Findings

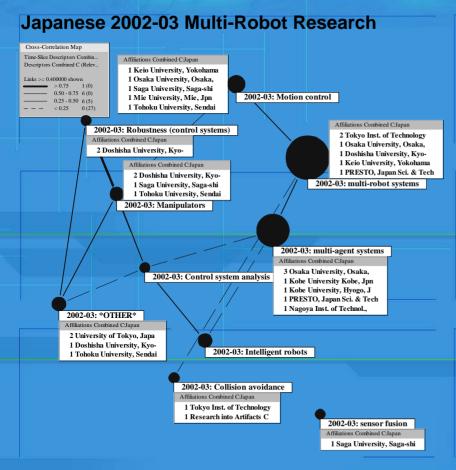
PCD Factor Names change over time (e.g., position to motion control and adaptive control to ... depicting Tech Maturity

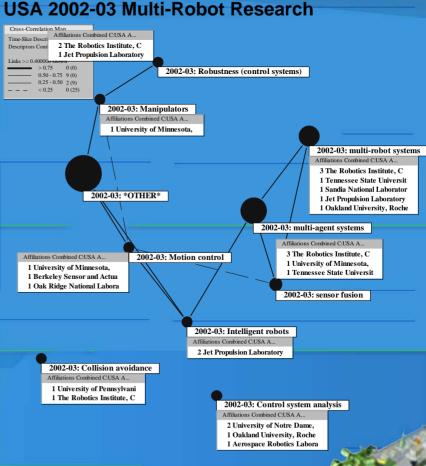
\*OTHER\*- Non-consensus

	La.	H-MI		AID	10011 0710		13 PCD Groups							
					Japan Sources					USA Sources				
		#					#		4.70					
	#	Gр	Ехр.	<b>Vetric</b>	Cluster Group	#	Gтр	Ехр.	Wetric	Cluster Group				
	11	16	0.852	273	1998-99: Human computer interaction	8	16	0.971	1.94	1998-99: real-time systems				
	6	10	0.643	1.61	1998-99: Adaptive control systems	5	12	0.853	1.46	1998-99: Robot learning				
	7	12	0.636	1.53	1998-99: Robot learning	4	10	0.794	1.32	1998-99: Adaptive control systems				
	6	11	0.554	1.22	1998-99: Position control	6	21	0.628	0.88	1998-99. *OTHER*				
	10	21	-0.443	-0.93	1998-99: *OTIHER*	3	11	0.515	0.71	1998-99: Position control				
	21	44	-0.478	-1.00	1998-99: learning (artificial intelligence)	4	16	0.471	0.63	1998-99: Human computer interaction				
	12	26	-0.502	-1.09	1998-99: Intelligent control	6	26	-0.414	-1.79	1998-99: Intelligent control				
	6	16	-0.671	-1.79	1998-99: real-time systems	6	44	-0.932	-6.83	1998-99: learning (artificial intelligence)				
	18	43	-0.731	-1.75	1998-99: cooperative systems	5	43	-0.986	-8.31	1998-99: cooperative systems				
	5	13	0.858	1.39	2000-01: Robot programming	11	24	0.793	1.46	2000-01: *OTHER*				
S	8	25	0.847	1.25	2000-01: Algorithms	6	13	0.696		2000-01: Robot programming				
	6	20	0.745	1.06	2000-01: Computer simulation	7	20	-0.405	-1.16	2000-01: Computer simulation				
	8	34	0.538	0.70	2000-01: multi-robot systems	10	30	-0.495		2000-01: multi-agent systems				
	7	30	0.517	0.67	2000-01: multi-agent systems	3	12	-0.62		2000-01: Distributed parameter control systems				
,	3	12	0.511	0.68	2000-01: Distributed parameter control systems	5	19	-0.678		2000-01: Manipulators				
	4	19	-0.394	-1.87	2000-01: Manipulators	7	25	-0.679	-243	2000-01: Algorithms				
	4	24	-0.617	-3.70	2000-01: *OTHER*	9	34	-0.8	-3.02	2000-01: multi-robot systems				
_														
•	12	27	0.946		2002-03: multi-rabat systems	14		0.93		2002-03: *OTHER*				
	4	7	0.87	203	2002-03: Intelligent robots	5	6	0.916		2002-03: sensor fusion				
	4	7	0.87	203	2002-03: Manipulators	4	11	-0.436	-1.20	2002-03: Control systemanallysis				
	5	14	0.645	1.00	2002-03: Motion control	3	9	-0.475	-1.43	2002-03: Robustness (control systems)				
	9	31	0.481	0.68	2002-03: multi-agent systems	2	7	-0.524		2002-03: Intelligent robots				
	2	8	-0.391		2002-03: Callision avoidance	2	8	-0.617		2002-03: Callision avoidance				
	2	9	-0.468	-211	2002-03: Robustness (control systems)	10		-0.709		2002-03: multi-agent systems				
	1	6	-0.507	-3.04	2002-03: sensor fusion	8	27	-0.768		2002-03: multi-robot systems				
	2	11	-0.608	-3.34	2002-03: Control systemanalysis	1	7	-0.77		2002-03: Manipulators				
	4	24	-0.835	-5.01	2002-03: *OTHER*	3	14	-0.817	-3.81	2002-03: Motion control				



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SUPERIOR TECHNOLOGY FOR A SUPERIOR ARMY

#### **Observations:**

**Expectancy Measure =>** Japanese - less emphasis than expected on biological approaches, reconfigurable robots & architecture allocation control (IEEE) and \*OTHER\* (PCD)

- => Japanese more emphasis than expected on human interface & motion coordination (IEEE) and Multi-robot systems & manipulators (PCD)
- => USA sources less emphasis than expected on human interface & robot learning (IEEE)
- => USA more emphasis than expected on reconfigurable robots & communication (IEEE) and sensor fusion & \*OTHER\* (PCD)

**Expert Opinion:** Japanese focus more on Industrial Robots and Human Aiding Robots. Must Determine Implications of low \*OTHER\* expectancy.





SUPERIOR TECHNOLOGY FOR A SUPERIOR ARMY

#### **Conclusions & Recommendations**

- Overview of Tech OASIS & Text-Mining Capabilities
- Analyzed Field Delimited Data on Subject of Multi-Robot Research
- Approaches for Segmentation of the data:
  - > Deductive (i.e., Expert Perceived) Categories
    - ✓ Easier to Use to Generalize Observations over time
    - ✓ Field Experts Understand...Acceptance
    - ✓ But...Bias to Present Time Period
  - > Inductive (i.e. PCD Derived) Categories
    - ✓ Standardizes Analysis
    - ✓ Enables Technology Maturity "Subjective" Assessment
    - ✓ but...Biased by high numbers of low frequency sources of tech papers





SUPERIOR TECHNOLOGY FOR A SUPERIOR ARMY

**Expectancy Measure** – Ascertain Topical Emphasis Areas & Identifies Unexpected Patterns....as do other measures

Use Holistic Approach...Pervasive Patterns...Include Field Experts

**Tech OASIS / VantagePoint** Automates Clustering / Categorization of Information to Enable and Improve:

- Cognition of Broad Field of Research
- Elicit Research Questions from noted Anomalies
- Promote Innovation through Expert Involvement





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